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28 August 1959

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CENTRAL

INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



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	Approved For Release 2003/02/27 : CIA-RDP79T00975A004600510001-4	25X1
25X1	II. ASIA-AFRICA	7
25X1	India: The resignation under fire on 22 August of Indian Food Minister Jain and the assignment of the Food Ministry as an additional duty to Transportation Minister S. K. Patil, one of India's ablest administrators, underlines the top priority with which the Indian Government views the problem of increasing food production. India may reach its Second Five-Year-Plan goal of 81,800,000 metric tons of food grains by 1960-61, but the proposed increase to 111,800,000 tons during the third-plan period (1961-66) will require a maximum effort. Pro-Western Patil is noted for his political organizing ability and has probably been appointed to provide inspiration as well as administrative ability to the program.	
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25X1 0	Japan-Korea: The government-inspired demonstrations in front of the American Embassy in Seoul during the past three days are aimed at securing US support for blocking the repatriation of Koreans in Japan to North Korea. Meanwhile, the talks in Tokyo between Japan and South Korea, which Korean officials acknowledge have the primary purpose of disrupting the repatriation, have made no headway. Relations have been further worsened by Seoul's resumption of seizures of Japanese fishing craft.	25X1
	III. THE WEST	
25X1	France-Algeria:	25)
25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1 ₀	De Gaulle's staff has now concluded that a military solution in Algeria is impossible; a political solution is being sought. De Gaulle will obtain the backing of the military for a political solution, but the army will react strongly. If De Gaulle gains army and US support for his plans, he will appeal anew on 15 Septemberopening date for the UN General Assemblyfor a cease-fire and propose a meeting of Algerian representatives, including the rebels, to plan Algeria's future status. Consideration of eventual independence would not be precluded.	25X1
	IV. SIGNIFICANT INTELLIGENCE REPORTS AND ESTIMATES	
25X1	(Available during the preceding week) Main Currents in the Arab World. NIE 30-59. 19 Aug 59.	
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I. THE COMMUNIST BLOC	
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Densite la Trinit de Chianna Communication de	
Possible Visit of Chinese Communist Leader to Khrushchev	
	0 m) / /
Description Character	25X1
Premier Chou En-	
lai or a party leader of "equal rank" would fly to the USSR to discuss with Khrushchev his forthcoming talks with President	
Eisenhower.	25X1
Misciniowei;	25X1
a proposal to this effect was made at the re-	20/(1
cently concluded central committee plenum. The Chinese Com-	
munists are "not enthusiastic" about the Eisenhower-Khrushchev	
exchange, and are trying to ensure that their interests	
will be protected. Peiping "will do nothing," however, to impede	
the visits.	
7771-13	
While a recent press report that Mao Tse-tung has gone to	
the USSR is unconfirmed, the whereabouts of Mao and 11 other	
politburo members is still unknown.	
the Chinese are ap-	
prehensive that friendlier US-USSR relations will prove detri-	
mental to their interests, which they view as inconsistent with	
the maintenance of the status quo in the Far East. On the Taiwan	
and Laotian issues, the Chinese have directed their principal in-	
vective against the US as the "aggressor." They have asked for-	
eign visitors to take a tough line against the "US imperialists"	
when they return home.	
The Chinese Communist leading may be logg than onthusing	
The Chinese Communist leaders may be less than enthusias-	
tic about the implications the Eisenhower-Khrushchev talks could have for their general policy of maintaining a degree of tension	
with the US. At a time when bloc commentarydespite probable	
reservations among certain satellite leaderswas praising the	
forthcoming visits without significant qualification, Foreign Min-	
ister Chen Yi on 15 August called on the bloc to "carry on an unre-	
mitting struggle" to defeat the policy of "war and aggression by	
imperialism."	
In reprinting Chen's statement, Pravda omitted these hostile	
remarks, leaving Chen's endorsement of the Eisenhower-Khrushchev	
Tomating touring officer of the Historia in the ability	051/4
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visits more in line with Soviet comment. Peiping probably now	
feels the need to avoid further public statements which might	
significantly differ from the tone of bloc commentary and there-	
by suggest a lack of Sino-Soviet unity on a major international	
development. Therefore, any announcement of a visit by a top	
Chinese leader would portray it as another gesture of Sino-Soviet	
solidarity.	25X1
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28 Aug 59

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



New Food and Agriculture Minister Appointed in India

Despite major increases in food production during the First and Second Five-Year Plan periods--from about 55,000,000 metric tons prior to 1951 to over 74,000,000 tons in 1958-59--population growth and food supply continue to be problems of top-priority concern to the Indian Government. This fact was re-emphasized when Food Minister Jain was dismissed on 24 August and his ministry taken over by pro-Western Transportation Minister S. K. Patil, who is noted for his organizational ability and is generally recognized in India as a competent trouble shooter. He is sometimes mentioned as a potential successor to Nehru.

Jain resigned reportedly under criticism for his failure to bring down food prices—a politically hot issue in India. In his farewell speech in Parliament, Jain indicated that his major difficulty had been lack of machinery to enforce controls under a new system of state trading.

The appointment of an individual with conservative leanings, who is probably unsympathetic to Nehru's aim of developing Indian agriculture through the expansion of cooperative farming, suggests that the goal of increased food production has been given higher priority than the method by which it is to be achieved. In any case, Patil's appointment will probably result in minimal expansion of true cooperative farming in India, though he will probably find it politically expedient to advance the cause of cooperative credit and marketing systems. Patil's appointment may also indicate recognition that without fulfillment of second-plan goals in food production, the Congress party's majority could be weakened in the national elections of early 1962.

Indian food (1951-56) was of tons to 76,200,0 the government the Third Five- metric tons, ac and a maximum	riginally 00 tons. to raise Year Pla hievemen	scheduled Revised p the target n (1961-66 t of which	to rise : opulation to 81,80) now ru will rec	from 66,30 n growth e 0,000 tons in as high	00,000 m stimates . Targe as 111,8	etric sforced ets for 00,000
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Status of Japanese - South Korean Relations

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For three days crowds, obviously government inspired, have been demonstrating before the American Embassy in Seoul, demanding that the United States force the Japanese to cancel the repatriation of Koreans in Japan to North Korea. The demonstrations appear to have increased in intensity, and on 27 August attempts were made to force the embassy gates. The embassy has repeatedly protested to the appropriate authorities, and the police appear to have orders to prevent forceful entry, but their interference otherwise has been halfhearted and ineffective. While there have been many demonstrations protesting Japan's repatriation program, these are the first specifically staged for the embassy since the beginning of the repatriation dispute.

Meanwhile, the recently resumed negotiations in Tokyo for the normalization of relations between Japan and South Korea have made little if any progress. The Korean delegation insists on giving the legal status of Korean residents in Japan priority over the numerous other issues. The Japanese are willing to discuss this issue provided Seoul will approve an immediate exchange of Japanese fishermen held in South Korea and Koreans detained in Japan. The South Korean chief delegate has acknowledged that his government is primarily concerned with using the talks to block repatriation to North Korea.

Seoul has also resumed seizures of Japanese fishing boats, ostensibly in retaliation for the dispatch by Japanese fishing interests of two unarmed patrol craft to the Rhee line.

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s Impossible	ncludes Military Victory in Algeria	
De Gaulle's staf	ff has concluded that a military victory in le and Paris now is aiming at a polit-	
cal solution.	le and Falls now is ammig act a possible	
if	De Gaulle obtains army support and if	
President Eisennow	ver agrees to support France in the UN de- 15 September will publicly restate the need	
or a cease-fire and	d propose a meeting of French and Algerian	
conresentatives to r	plan the future status of Algeria. Considera-	
ion of eventual inde	enendence for Algeria would reportedly not	
oe precluded, provi show this to be the	ided free elections at a future date clearly majority will.	
MOM CHIP to be are		
	the purpose of De Gaulle's current	
rip to Algeria is to	win the army over to the idea of a polithead of the American section in the French	
Panaign Ministry to	old embassy officials on 24 August that	
De Gaulle plans to	talk with officers of all ranks, particularly	
with respect to a po	ossible nonmilitary solution.	
	De Gaulle is planning to	
	within the framework of the French Com-	
munity.		
Military leade	rs have thus far vehemently resisted any sug-	
gogtion that the ari	my forego a military "victory." Lately, now-	
ever, there is evid	dence that even some military circles in Alge- victory is not possible.	
Tia icei a mimaly	120001	
	1111 or les alviers hard	
De Gaulle will obta	et strongly against any proposed political solu-	
tion Do Coullo is	reported by the French ampassauor to wasii-	
ington to have said	d recently, "I think I now have the military with	
me."		

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